

Queensland Regional Profiles

Resident Profile - people who live in the region

New Farm Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2)

Compared with Queensland

23 April 2021



Queensland Government Statistician's Office

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Region overview

The resident profiles provide details on a range of topics for people who live in the region. For some topics, more detailed data are available through the <u>Queensland Regional Database</u> (also known as QRSIS), developed and maintained by the Queensland Government Statistician's Office, Queensland Treasury.

New Farm SA2

New Farm Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2) has a total land area of 2.1 km², with an average daily temperature range of 15.2°C to 25.9°C and an average annual rainfall of 1,125 mm.

Data for New Farm SA2 are based on Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS), July 2016.

Queensland

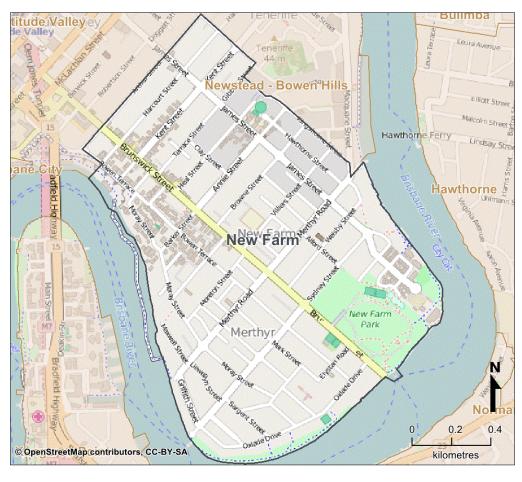
Queensland has a total land area of 1,730,172.1 km², with an average daily temperature range of 16.4°C to 30.0°C and an average annual rainfall of 636 mm.

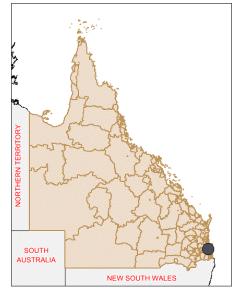
Data for Queensland are based on Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS), July 2016.

This profile should be read in conjunction with the abbreviations and explanatory notes provided at the end of the profile.











Demography

Estimated resident population

The estimated resident population (ERP) figure is the official population estimate. For sub-state geographies, ERP figures are updated annually using a model which includes administrative data that indicate population change, such as registered births and deaths, dwelling approvals, Medicare enrolments and electoral enrolments. Data are updated annually with a release approximately 9 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in April 2022.

As at 30 June 2020, the estimated resident population for New Farm SA2 was			
14,310 persons			

New Farm SA2

- ERP of 14,310 persons as at 30 June 2020
- Average annual growth rate of 1.2% over five years
- Average annual growth rate of 1.5% over ten years

Queensland

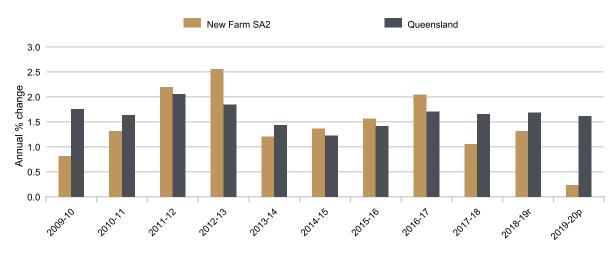
- ERP of 5,176,186 persons as at 30 June 2020
- Average annual growth rate of 1.6% over five years
- Average annual growth rate of 1.6% over ten years

Table 1 Estimated resident population, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

SA2 / State		As at 30 June	Average ann ra	•	
	2010	2015	2020p	2010–2020p	2015–2020p
		— number —		<u> </u>	<i>—</i>
New Farm	12,349	13,453	14,310	1.5	1.2
Queensland	4,404,744	4,777,692	5,176,186	1.6	1.6

Source: ABS 3218.0, Regional Population Growth, Australia, various editions

Figure 2 Estimated resident population growth, New Farm SA2 and Queensland



Source: ABS 3218.0, Regional Population Growth, Australia, various editions



Population by age and sex

The estimated resident population (ERP) figure is the official population estimate. For sub-state geographies, ERP figures are updated annually using a model which includes administrative data that indicate population change, such as registered births and deaths, dwelling approvals, Medicare enrolments and electoral enrolments. Data are updated annually with a release approximately 12 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in September 2021.

As at 30 June 2019, the proportion of the estimated resident population aged 65 years and over for New Farm SA2 was



New Farm SA2

- 8.9% aged 0–14 years as at 30 June 2019
- 74.6% aged 15-64 years
- 16.4% aged 65+ years

Queensland

- 19.4% aged 0–14 years as at 30 June 2019
- 64.9% aged 15–64 years
- 15.7% aged 65+ years

Table 2 Estimated resident population by age, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2019p

SA2 / State					Age grou	ıp				
SAZ / State	0-14	1	15–24	4	25–4	4	45-64	4	65+	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
New Farm	1,276	8.9	1,468	10.3	5,922	41.5	3,273	22.9	2,345	16.4
Queensland	989,819	19.4	661,901	13.0	1,389,355	27.3	1,253,511	24.6	799,924	15.7

Source: ABS 3235.0, Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia

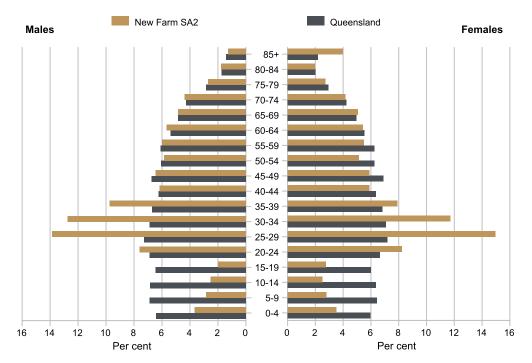


Figure 4 Estimated resident population by age and sex, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2019p

Source: ABS 3235.0, Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia



Median age

The median age is the age at which half the population is older and half is younger. These median age estimates have been calculated by the ABS and Queensland Treasury using single year of age estimated resident population data. Data are updated annually with a release approximately 12 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in September 2021.

As at 30 June 2019, the median age for New Farm SA2 was

37.2 years

New Farm SA2

- Median age of 37.2 years as at 30 June 2019
- Increase of 0.5 years from median age of 36.7 years as at 30 June 2009

Queensland

- Median age of 37.4 years as at 30 June 2019
- Increase of 1.2 years from median age of 36.2 years as at 30 June 2009

Table 3 Median age, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

SA2 / State		Change		
SA2 / State	2009	2014	2019p	2009–2019p
		— years —		years
New Farm	36.7	36.4	37.2	0.5
Queensland	36.2	36.8	37.4	1.2

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: ABS 3235.0, Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia unpublished data and Queensland Treasury estimates

Population projections

The 2018 edition of the Queensland Government population projections are generated by applying assumptions regarding future trends in the components of population change (fertility, mortality and migration) and the latest planning and development intelligence available. Data are based on the medium series and are updated twice every five years. The next planned update is in November 2021.

From 2016 to 2041, the population for New Farm SA2 is projected to increase from

13,578 persons to 14,558 persons

New Farm SA2

- Population projected to be 14,558 persons as at 30 June 2041
- Increase of 0.3% per year over 25 years

Queensland

- Population projected to be 7,161,661 persons as at 30 June 2041
- Increase of 1.6% per year over 25 years

Table 4 Projected population, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

SA2 / State	As at 30 June						Average annual growth rate
	2016 ^(a)	2021	2026	2031	2036	2041	2016-2041
			— num	ıber —			%
New Farm	13,578	13,874	14,017	14,186	14,318	14,558	0.3
Queensland	4,848,877	5,261,567	5,722,780	6,206,566	6,686,604	7,161,661	1.6

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) 2016 data are estimated resident population (ERP).

For more detailed data on the Queensland Government population projections, please refer to the Queensland Government Statistician's Office website at https://www.ggso.qld.gov.au/statistics/theme/population/population-projections

Source: Queensland Government Population Projections, 2018 edition (medium series)

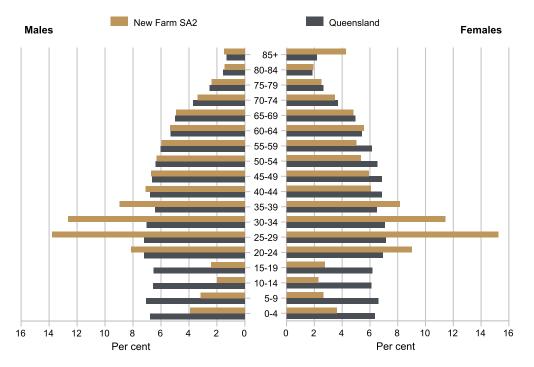
Figure 5 Projected population change, New Farm SA2 and Queensland



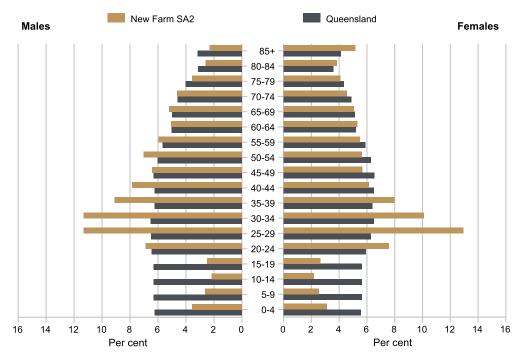
Source: Queensland Government Population Projections, 2018 edition (medium series)

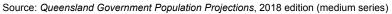
Figure 6 Projected population by age and sex, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2041

30 June 2016









Median age projections

The median age is the age at which half the population is older and half is younger. These median age projections have been calculated by Queensland Treasury using the Queensland Government population projections, 2018 edition. Data presented in this topic are based on the medium series. Data are updated twice every five years. The next planned update is in November 2021.

As at 30 June 2041, the median age projection for New Farm SA2 is

40.6 years

New Farm SA2

- Median age projection of 40.6 years as at 30 June 2041
- Increase of 2.4 years from a median age projection of 38.1 years as at 30 June 2021

Queensland

- Median age projection of 40.7 years as at 30 June 2041
- Increase of 2.8 years from a median age projection of 37.9 years as at 30 June 2021

Table 5 Median age projections, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

040/0444		Change		
SA2 / State	2021	2031	2041	2021–2041
		— years —		years
New Farm	38.1	39.6	40.6	2.4
Queensland	37.9	39.4	40.7	2.8

Source: Queensland Government Population Projections, 2018 edition (medium series)

Aboriginal peoples and/or Torres Strait Islander peoples

This topic is based on the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question about Indigenous status where each person is asked to identify whether they are of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin. This is based on persons by place of usual residence.



New Farm SA2

 133 persons (or 1.0%) identified as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander

Queensland

 186,482 persons (or 4.0%) identified as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander

Table 6 Indigenous status, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

		Indigenou	is persons			Non Indigo	20110	Total
SA2 / State	Aboriginal	Torres Strait Islander	Both ^(a)	Total		Non-Indiger person		persons ^(b)
	-	— number —		number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	109	16	12	133	1.0	10,762	84.1	12,791
Queensland	148,943	21,053	16,493	186,482	4.0	4,211,020	89.5	4,703,193

(a) Applicable to persons who are of 'both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin'.

(b) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples Profile - I02



Births and deaths

Birth and death statistics are an estimate of the number of births and deaths that have been registered in Australia's state and territory Registries of Births, Deaths and Marriages over a calendar year. These estimates are useful for two distinct purposes – use as a component of population growth and for analysis of fertility and mortality. Data are updated annually with a release approximately 12 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in December 2021.

The number of registered births in 2019 to mothers with a usual residence in New Farm SA2 was

110 births

New Farm SA2

- 110 registered births in 2019
- 112 registered deaths
- Queensland
- 61,735 registered births in 2019
- 32,473 registered deaths

Table 7 Registered births and deaths, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2019

SA2 / State	Birth	s	Deat	Natural increase	
	number	rate ^(a)	number	rate ^(a)	number
New Farm	110	7.7	112	7.8	-2
Queensland ^(b)	61,735	12.1	32,473	6.4	29,262

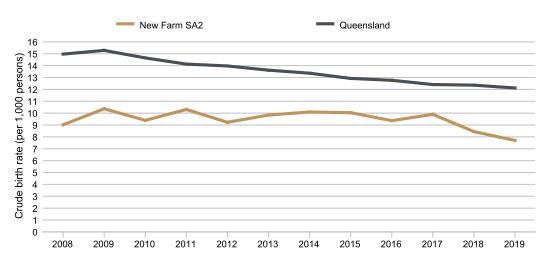
Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Crude rate per 1,000 persons.

(b) Queensland totals include births and deaths where the usual residence was overseas, no fixed abode, Offshore and Migratory, and Queensland undefined.

Source: ABS 3301.0, Births, Australia, various editions; ABS 3302.0, Deaths, Australia, various editions

Figure 7 Crude birth rate, New Farm SA2 and Queensland^(a)

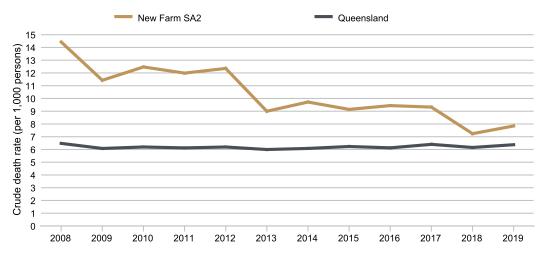


(a) Queensland totals include births where the usual residence was overseas, no fixed abode, Offshore and Migratory, and Queensland undefined.

Source: ABS 3301.0, Births, Australia, various editions; ABS 3302.0, Deaths, Australia, various editions







(a) Queensland totals include deaths where the usual residence was overseas, no fixed abode, Offshore and Migratory, and Queensland undefined.

Source: ABS 3301.0, Births, Australia, various editions; ABS 3302.0, Deaths, Australia, various editions

Migration 1 year ago

Migration one year ago compares the usual address of household members on Census Night 2016 (9 August 2016) with their usual address one year earlier (i.e. 9 August 2015). This is based on persons aged one year and over by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 with a different address one year ago was

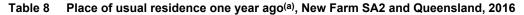
24.1%

New Farm SA2

- 7,401 persons usually resided in the same address as one year ago
- 3,058 persons (or 24.1%) usually resided in a different address one year ago

Queensland

- 3,423,989 persons usually resided in the same address as one year ago
- 813,045 persons (or 17.5%) usually resided in a different address one year ago



			Diffe	rent addres	s		Proportion	
SA2 / State	Same address	Same SA2	Elsewhere Queensland	Rest of Australia	Overseas	Total ^(b)	with different address	Total persons ^(c)
	number			number —			%	number
New Farm	7,401	523	1,754	295	437	3,058	24.1	12,683
Queensland	3,423,989	151,064	504,460	77,129	66,975	813,045	17.5	4,648,722

(a) Based on persons aged one year and over.

(b) Includes persons who stated that they were usually resident at a different address 1 year ago but did not state that address.

(c) Includes persons who did not state whether they were usually resident at a different address 1 year ago.

Migration 5 years ago

Migration five years ago compares the usual address of household members on Census Night 2016 (9 August 2016) with their usual address five years earlier (i.e. 9 August 2011). This is based on persons aged five years and over by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 with a different address five years ago was

53.1%

New Farm SA2

- 3,862 persons usually resided in the same address as five years ago
- 6,546 persons (or 53.1%) usually resided in a different address five years ago

Queensland

- 2,118,153 persons usually resided in the same address as five years ago
- 1,942,926 persons (or 44.1%) usually resided in a different address five years ago

Table 9	Place of usual residence five	voare ago(a) Now Ea	rm SA2 and Quoonsland 2	016
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			Diffe	rent addres	s		Proportion	
SA2 / State	Same address	Same SA2	Elsewhere Queensland	Rest of Australia	Overseas	Total ^(b)	with different address	Total persons ^(c)
	number		_	number —			%	number
New Farm	3,862	790	3,543	794	1,286	6,546	53.1	12,337
Queensland	2,118,153	286,205	1,170,509	220,316	228,095	1,942,926	44.1	4,406,728

(a) Based on persons aged five years and over.

(b) Includes persons who stated that they were usually resident at a different address 5 years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Includes persons who did not state whether they were usually resident at a different address 5 years ago.

Country of birth

Country of birth has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question 'In which country was the person born?'. This is based on persons by place of usual residence.

	backgrounds and non-English for New Farm SA2 were:
English Speaking	Non-English Speaking
1. England (3.8%)	1. Italy (1.6%)
2. New Zealand (3.2%)	2. China excludes
3. South Africa (0.9%)	SARs and Taiwan

- 3. South Africa (0.9%)
- 4. United States of America
- (0.7%)
- 5. Canada (0.7%)
- 4. India (1.0%) 5. Germany (0.5%)

3. Nepal (1.2%)

(1.4%)

New Farm SA2

3,410 persons (or 26.7%) were born overseas

Queensland

1,015,875 persons (or 21.6%) were born overseas

					Total					
SA2 / State	Born in Australia ^(a)		Born in ESB countries ^(b)		Born in NESB countries ^(c)		Total ^(c)		persons ^(d)	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	
New Farm	7,446	58.2	1,362	10.6	2,028	15.9	3,410	26.7	12,791	
Queensland	3,343,819	71.1	493,066	10.5	522,810	11.1	1,015,875	21.6	4,703,193	

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes 'Australia, (includes External Territories), nfd', 'Norfolk Island' and 'Australian External Territories, nec' responses.
(b) Based on the main English speaking countries of UK, Ireland, Canada, USA, South Africa and New Zealand.
(c) Includes countries not identified individually, 'Inadequately described' and 'At sea' responses.
(d) Includes not stated responses.

Proficiency in spoken English

Proficiency in spoken English has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question '*How well does the person speak English?*', if the person speaks a language other than English at home. This is based on persons by place of usual residence.

The top five non-English languages spoken at home for the total population of New Farm SA2 were:

Language spoken

- 1. Chinese Languages (3.0%)
- 2. Italian (2.4%)
- 3. Indo Aryan Languages (1.7%)
- 4. Spanish (1.2%)
- 5. French (0.7%)

New Farm SA2

 2,020 persons (or 15.8%) stated they spoke a language other than English at home

Queensland

• 564,196 persons (or 12.0%) stated they spoke a language other than English at home

Table 11 Proficiency in spoken English of persons, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 201

SA2 / State	Speaks Eng	lish	Speaks	Persons ^(a)					
SAZ / State	only		Very well	Not well or no	Total		reisons(*/		
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	8,857	69.2	1,724	13.5	301	2.4	2,020	15.8	12,791
Queensland	3,820,632	81.2	480,525	10.2	83,675	1.8	564,196	12.0	4,703,193

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes the categories 'Proficiency in English not stated' and 'Language and proficiency in English not stated'.

Religious affiliation

Religious affiliation has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question asking '*What is the person's religion?*' This is based on persons by place of usual residence.

The top five religious affiliations for New Farm SA2 were:

Religious affiliation

- 1. No Religion (36.0%)
- 2. Catholic (22.7%)
- 3. Anglican (8.7%)
- 4. Buddhism (2.3%)
- 5. Uniting Church (2.0%)

New Farm SA2

 5,070 persons (or 39.6%) stated they were affiliated with a Christian religion

Queensland

• 2,635,342 persons (or 56.0%) stated they were affiliated with a Christian religion

Table 12 Religious affiliation, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State			Total ^(c)				
	Chri	stianity	Other ^(a)		No religion ^(b)		Total(*)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	5,070	39.6	654	5.1	4,607	36.0	12,791
Queensland	2,635,342	56.0	201,514	4.3	1,374,427	29.2	4,703,193

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes 'Buddhism', 'Hinduism', 'Islam', 'Judaism' and 'Other Religions'.

(b) In 2016 the order of the response categories changed on the Census form, 'No religion' moved to the first response. This may result in higher responses reported for the 'No religion' category.

(c) Comprises 'Not stated' and 'Inadequately described'.

Family composition

In the context of the 2016 Census of Population and Housing, families are classified in terms of the relationships that exist between a single family reference person and each other member of that family. The family composition variable distinguishes between different types of families based on the presence or absence of couple relationships, parent-child relationships, child dependency relationships or other familial relationships, in that order of preference. This is based on families by place of usual residence.

The percentage of total families in New Farm SA2 which were couple families with children was

26.1%

New Farm SA2

- 2,588 families
- 26.1% of total families were couple families with children

Queensland

- 1,221,148 families
- 42.5% of total families were couple families with children

Table 13 Family composition^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Couple family with no children		Couple family children		One-parent f	Total ^(b)	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	1,579	61.0	676	26.1	267	10.3	2,588
Queensland	481,451	39.4	518,494	42.5	201,308	16.5	1,221,148

(a) Includes same-sex couple families.

(b) Includes other families.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G25

Household composition

In the context of the 2016 Census of Population and Housing, a household is defined as one or more persons, at least one of whom is at least 15 years of age, usually resident in the same private dwelling. Household composition describes the type of household within a dwelling, whether a family is present or not and whether or not other unrelated household members are present. This is based on occupied private dwellings.

The percentage of one family households in New Farm SA2 was
47.0%

New Farm SA2

- 5,444 households
- 47.0% of total households were one family households

Queensland

- 1,656,831 households
- 70.0% of total households were one family households

Table 14 Household composition, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State		One family households		nily ds	Group households		Lone pers househol		Total households ^(a)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	2,556	47.0	17	0.3	664	12.2	2,213	40.7	5,444
Queensland	1,159,697	70.0	30,156	1.8	77,899	4.7	389,078	23.5	1,656,831

(a) Excludes visitors only and other not classifiable households.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, unpublished data (occupied private dwellings)

Dwellings by dwelling structure

In general terms, a dwelling is a structure which is intended to have people live in it, and which is habitable on Census Night. The dwelling structure variable classifies the structure of private dwellings enumerated in the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. This information is determined by the Census collector and is based on occupied private dwellings.

The percentage of total occupied private dwellings in New Farm SA2 which were separate houses was

20.5%

New Farm SA2

 1,117 occupied private dwellings (or 20.5%) were separate houses

Queensland

 1,269,653 occupied private dwellings (or 76.6%) were separate houses

Table 15 Occupied private dwellings^(a) by dwelling structure, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Separate h	ouse	Semi-deta (b)	ached	Apartme	ent ^(c)	Caravan	(d)	Other	(e)	Total ^(f)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	1,117	20.5	216	4.0	4,067	74.7	0	0.0	3	0.1	5,444
Queensland	1,269,653	76.6	174,984	10.6	186,778	11.3	13,226	0.8	3,583	0.2	1,656,831

(a) Excludes visitors only and other not classifiable households.

(b) Includes row or terrace house, townhouse etc.

(c) Includes flat or units.

(d) Includes cabin and houseboat.

(e) Includes improvised home, tent, sleepers out; house or flat attached to a shop, office, etc.

(f) Includes dwelling structures not stated.

Dwellings by tenure type

In general terms, a dwelling is a structure which is intended to have people live in it, and which is habitable on Census Night. The tenure type variable describes whether a household rents or owns the dwelling in which they were enumerated on Census Night 2016, or whether the household occupies it under another arrangement. This is based on occupied private dwellings.

The percentage of total occupied private dwellings in New Farm SA2 which were fully owned was

21.5%

New Farm SA2

1,173 occupied private dwellings (or 21.5%) were fully owned

Queensland

 471,407 occupied private dwellings (or 28.5%) were fully owned

Table 16	Occupied private dwellings ^(a) by	tenure type, New	w Farm SA2 and Queensla	nd, 2016

SA2 / State	Fully own	ed	Being purcha	ised ^(b)	Rented	c)	Other ^(d))	Total ^(e)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	1,173	21.5	1,002	18.4	3,111	57.1	31	0.6	5,444
Queensland	471,407	28.5	558,439	33.7	566,478	34.2	15,566	0.9	1,656,831

(a) Excludes visitors only and other not classifiable households.

(b) Includes dwellings being purchased under a shared equity scheme.

(c) Includes renting from a real estate agent, state housing authority, person not in the same household, housing co-op/community/church, other and not stated.

(d) Includes dwellings being occupied under a life tenure scheme.

(e) Includes tenure type not stated.



Homeless persons

Homelessness is a lack of one or more elements that represent 'home'. When a person does not have suitable accommodation alternatives, the ABS defines someone as homeless if their current living arrangement:

- is a dwelling that is inadequate,
- has no tenure, or if their initial tenure is short and not extendable, or
- does not allow them to have control of, and access to, space for social relations.

These counts are based on place of enumeration.

The rate of homeless persons for New Farm SA2 in 2016 was

409.5 per 10,000 persons

Table 17 Homeless persons, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Homeless pers	Total persons		
	number	rate ^(a)	number	
New Farm	512	409.5	12,503	
Queensland	21,715	45.6	4,760,598	

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Rate per 10,000 persons.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, Place of Enumeration Profile - G03 and ABS 2049.0, Census of Population and Housing: Estimating homelessness, 2016

New Farm SA2

- 512 homeless persons
- 409.5 homeless persons per 10,000 persons

Queensland

- 21,715 homeless persons
- 45.6 homeless persons per 10,000 persons

Number of motor vehicles per dwelling

The number of motor vehicles variable records the number of registered motor vehicles, which are owned or used by members of a household, and which are garaged or parked near the occupied private dwelling on Census Night 2016. This is based on occupied private dwellings by place of enumeration.

The percentage of dwellings in New Farm SA2 with 3 or more motor vehicles was

New Farm SA2

- 17.4% of dwellings had no motor vehicles
- 6.6% of dwellings had 3 or more motor vehicles

Queensland

- 6.0% of dwellings had no motor vehicles
- 19.0% of dwellings had 3 or more motor vehicles

6.6%

Table 18	Number of motor vehicles p	per occupied private dwelling	g (a)(b), New Farm SA2 and	Queensland, 2016
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SA2 / State	No motor vel	nicles	1 motor vel	nicle	2 motor vehicles		3 or more motor vehicles		Total dwellings ^(c)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	945	17.4	2,632	48.3	1,348	24.8	358	6.6	5,444
Queensland	99,133	6.0	566,233	34.2	620,096	37.4	315,108	19.0	1,656,831

(a) Excludes visitors only and other not classifiable households.

(b) Excludes motorbikes/scooters.

(c) Includes number of motor vehicles not stated.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G30

Internet access

Internet access has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question '*Does any member of this household access the internet from this dwelling?*'. This is based on occupied private dwellings by place of enumeration.

The percentage of total occupied private dwellings in New Farm SA2 with a member of the household accessing the internet was



New Farm SA2

 4,697 occupied private dwellings (or 86.3%) had Internet access

Queensland

 1,387,499 occupied private dwellings (or 83.7%) had Internet access

Table 19 Internet access^(a) in occupied private dwellings^(b), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Internet accesse dwelling		Internet not ac from dwell	Total dwellings ^(c)	
	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	4,697	86.3	620	11.4	5,444
Queensland	1,387,499	83.7	224,855	13.6	1,656,831

(a) Records whether any member of the household accesses the internet from the dwelling. This includes accessing the internet through a desktop/laptop computer, mobile or smart phone, tablet, music or video player, gaming console, smart TV or any other devices. It also includes accessing through any type of connection for example ADSL, fibre, cable, wireless, satellite and mobile broadband (3G/4G).
 (b) Excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households.

(c) Includes internet access not stated.

Society

Department of Social Services payments

The Department of Social Services (DSS) is the Australian Government's lead agency in the development and delivery of social policy, and is working to improve the lifetime wellbeing of people and families in Australia. The data are sourced from the DSS Payment Demographic dataset and are updated quarterly. The next planned update is in July 2021.

The number of recipients of the Age pension in New Farm SA2 as at December quarter 2020 was

792 recipients

New Farm SA2

- 792 recipients of the Age pension as at December guarter 2020
- 405 recipients of the Disability support pension
- 719 recipients of Jobseeker

Queensland

- 510,655 recipients of the Age pension as at December guarter 2020
- 158,855 recipients of the Disability support pension
- 293,121 recipients of Jobseeker

Table 20 Department of Social Services payments^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, December quarter 2020

	Payment type												
SA2 / State	Age pension		Carer allowance		Disability support pension		Family tax benefit A		Jobseeker				
	recipients	rate ^(b)	recipients	rate(c)	recipients	rate(c)	recipients	rate ^(d)	recipients	rate ^(e)			
New Farm	792	33.8	85	0.7	405	3.1	207	31.0	719	7.2			
Queensland	510,655	63.8	126,840	3.1	158,855	3.9	321,289	62.5	293,121	10.3			

Refer to the explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Payments by geographical region are based on the recipient's geocoded address.
(b) Rate per 100 persons aged 65 years and over, as at 30 June 2019. Person counts are based on estimated resident population (ERP).
(c) Rate per 100 persons aged 16 years and over, as at 30 June 2019. Person counts are based on ERP.

(d) Rate per 100 families with children under 15 years, as at 30 June 2019. Counts of families with children under 15 years are derived by Queensland Treasury using 2016 Census counts of families with children under 15 years and usual resident persons, along with ERP aged 15 to 64 years.

(e) Rate per 100 persons aged 22 to 64 years, as at 30 June 2019. Person counts are based on ERP.

Source: Department of Social Services, Payment Demographic Data; ABS 3235.0, Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia, unpublished data; ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G05; ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G25

Regulated early childhood education and care services

The regulated early childhood education and care services data are based on administrative data supplied by the Department of Education. Data are updated twice yearly with a release approximately 1 month after the reporting period. The next planned update is in September 2021.

The number of regulated early childhood education and care services in New Farm SA2 as at 28 February 2021 was

New Farm SA2

- 3 regulated early childhood education and care services as at 28 February 2021
- 1 long day care service

Queensland

- 3,143 regulated early childhood education and care services as at 28 February 2021
- 1,719 long day care services

3 services

Table 21 Regulated early childhood education and care services, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 28 February 2021

SA2 / State	Family day care	Kindergartens	Long day care	School aged care	Limited hours care	Total ^(a)
			— number —			
New Farm	0	0	1	2	0	3
Queensland	116	511	1,719	772	23	3,143

(a) Total includes Other service types (for example Occasional care).

Source: Department of Education

Australian Early Development Census (AEDC)

The AEDC is a national collection of information about how children are developing prior to school. Every three years, teachers complete an instrument for each child in Prep. The AEDC instrument encompasses five domains of early childhood development which are predictors of a child's health, education and social outcomes. The five domain are:

- physical health and wellbeing
- social competence
- emotional maturity
- language and cognitive skills
- communication skills and general knowledge.

The AEDC reports whether children are on track, at risk or developmentally vulnerable across each of the five domains. Children that are developmentally vulnerable demonstrate much lower than average competencies in that domain.

The percentage of developmentally vulnerable children in two or more domains in New Farm SA2 in 2018 was
9.4%

New Farm SA2

- 25.5% developmentally vulnerable children in one or more domains in 2018
- 9.4% developmentally vulnerable children in two or more domains in 2018
- The social competence domain had the largest percentage of developmentally vulnerable children (11.3%)

Queensland

- 25.9% developmentally vulnerable children in one or more domains in 2018
- 13.9% developmentally vulnerable children in two or more domains in 2018
- The physical health and wellbeing domain had the largest percentage of developmentally vulnerable children (12.3%)

Table 22 Developmentally vulnerable children by domain, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2018

			Sum					
SA2 / State			Emotional maturity	Language and cognitive	Communication skills and general knowledge	one or more		
			- per cent -	_		— per	cent—	number
New Farm ^(a)	10.4	11.3	10.4	0.9	8.5	25.5	9.4	106
Queensland	12.3	11.9	10.5	8.0	10.1	25.9	13.9	61,781

(a) Some SA2 regions have had results suppressed, therefore some SA2s have been included in neighbouring regions. Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Commonwealth Department of Education and Training

Highest level of schooling

Highest year of school completed has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question '*What is the highest year of primary or secondary school the person has completed?*'. This information is based on persons aged 15 years and over by place of usual residence.

The percentage of total persons in New Farm SA2 with highest level of schooling as Year 11 or 12 was

71.6%

New Farm SA2

 8,290 persons (or 71.6%) with highest level of schooling of Year 11 or 12 (or equivalent)

Queensland

 2,146,809 persons (or 58.9%) with highest level of schooling of Year 11 or 12 (or equivalent)

Table 23 Highest level of schooling completed, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Did not go to school, or Year 8 or below		Year 9 or 10 or equivalent		Year 11 or 12 equivaler		Total ^(a)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	352	3.0	1,042	9.0	8,290	71.6	11,578
Queensland	196,488	5.4	964,903	26.5	2,146,809	58.9	3,643,834

(a) Includes highest year of schooling not stated.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G16

Non-school qualification

Non-school qualification information describes the highest nonschool qualification (e.g. bachelor degree, diploma) completed as stated in the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. This information is based on persons aged 15 years and over by place of usual residence.

New Farm SA2

8,853 persons (or 75.7%) with a non-school qualification

Queensland

 2,241,124 persons (or 59.1%) with a non-school qualification

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 with a nonschool qualification was

75.7%

Table 24 Non-school qualifications^(a) by level of education, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

			Level of educati	Persons with a qualification ^(d)		Total persons			
SA2 / State	Bachelor degree or higher ^(b)		Advanced diploma or diploma					Certificate ^(c)	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	4,754	40.7	885	7.6	1,147	9.8	8,853	75.7	11,690
Queensland	693,410	18.3	330,619	8.7	807,105	21.3	2,241,124	59.1	3,790,497

(a) Includes persons aged 15 years and over with a qualification within the scope of the Australian Standard Classification of Education.

(b) Includes bachelor degree, graduate diploma, graduate certificate and postgraduate degree.

(c) Includes Certificate, I, II, III and IV and Certificates not further defined responses.

(d) Includes inadequately described and not stated level of education responses.

Non-school qualification by sex and age

Non-school qualification information describes the highest nonschool qualification (e.g. bachelor degree, diploma) completed as stated in the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. This information is based on persons aged 15 years and over by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 with a nonschool qualification was

75.8%

New Farm SA2

- 8,853 persons (or 75.8%) with a non-school gualification
- 83.5% males aged 25–44 years with a non-school gualification
- 87.0% females aged 25–44 years with a non-school qualification

Queensland

- 2,241,124 persons (or 59.1%) with a non-school qualification
- 72.3% males aged 25–44 years with a non-school qualification
- 72.6% females aged 25–44 years with a non-school qualification

Con Long		New Farn	n SA2		Queensland				
Sex / age	With NSC	With NSQ ^(a)		ISQ	With NSQ ^(a)		Without NSQ		
	number	%	number %		number	%	number	%	
Males									
15–24 years	317	50.2	315	49.8	108,499	34.9	201,977	65.1	
25–44 years	2,240	83.5	442	16.5	452,024	72.3	172,976	27.7	
45–64 years	1,214	77.5	352	22.5	386,822	66.8	191,997	33.2	
65 years and over	595	67.9	281	32.1	197,960	58.4	141,108	41.6	
Total	4,367	75.9	1,389	24.1	1,145,303	61.8	708,060	38.2	
Females									
15–24 years	376	53.1	332	46.9	118,058	39.0	184,607	61.0	
25–44 years	2,305	87.0	344	13.0	471,721	72.6	178,093	27.4	
45–64 years	1,121	77.6	324	22.4	354,531	58.5	251,238	41.5	
65 years and over	681	60.8	439	39.2	151,510	40.0	227,367	60.0	
Total	4,483	75.7	1,439	24.3	1,095,813	56.6	841,312	43.4	
Persons									
15–24 years	700	52.0	646	48.0	226,555	36.9	386,592	63.1	
25–44 years	4,545	85.3	786	14.7	923,739	72.5	351,079	27.5	
45–64 years	2,328	77.3	683	22.7	741,347	62.6	443,244	37.4	
65 years and over	1,278	63.9	721	36.1	349,479	48.7	368,468	51.3	
Total	8,853	75.8	2,834	24.2	2,241,124	59.1	1,549,379	40.9	

Table 25 Non-school qualifications by sex and age, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes inadequately described and not stated level of education responses.

Non-school qualification by field of study

Non-school qualification information describes the highest nonschool qualification (e.g. bachelor degree, diploma) completed as stated in the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. This information is based on persons aged 15 years and over with a non-school qualification by place of usual residence.

The largest non-school qualification field of study in New Farm SA2 was

Management and Commerce (20.7%)

New Farm SA2

- 1,829 persons (or 20.7%) with a non-school qualification studied in the field of Management and Commerce
- 1,201 persons (or 13.6%) with a non-school qualification studied in the field of Society and Culture

Queensland

- 392,830 persons (or 17.5%) with a non-school qualification studied in the field of Management and Commerce
- 352,200 persons (or 15.7%) with a non-school qualification studied in the field of Engineering and Related Technologies

Field of study	New Farm SA2		Queensla	Specialisation ratio	
	number	%	number	%	number
Natural and Physical Sciences	249	2.8	51,948	2.3	1.21
Information Technology	221	2.5	49,383	2.2	1.13
Engineering and Related Technologies	716	8.1	352,200	15.7	0.51
Architecture and Building	396	4.5	139,929	6.2	0.72
Agriculture Environmental and Related Studies	80	0.9	43,207	1.9	0.47
Health	858	9.7	220,075	9.8	0.99
Education	428	4.8	168,108	7.5	0.64
Management and Commerce	1,829	20.7	392,830	17.5	1.18
Society and Culture	1,201	13.6	240,326	10.7	1.27
Creative Arts	566	6.4	67,061	3.0	2.14
Food Hospitality and Personal Services	264	3.0	123,168	5.5	0.54
Mixed Field Programmes	9	0.1	6,284	0.3	0.36
Total ^(a)	8,853	100.0	2,241,124	100.0	1.00

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G47 and unpublished data

Persons with a profound or severe disability

Persons with a profound or severe disability has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing variable 'Core activity need for assistance'. Persons with a profound or severe disability are defined as needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication because of a long term health condition (six months or more), a disability (lasting six months or more), or old age. This is based on persons by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 in need of assistance with a profound or severe disability was

3.0%

New Farm SA2

382 persons (or 3.0%) in need of assistance with a profound or severe disability

Queensland

• 243,267 persons (or 5.2%) in need of assistance with a profound or severe disability

Table 27 Need for assistance with a profound or severe disability, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Need for assist	No need for as	Total ^(a)		
	number		number	%	number
New Farm	382	3.0	10,423	81.5	12,791
Queensland	243,267	5.2	4,103,669	87.3	4,703,193

(a) Includes need of assistance not stated.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G18

Voluntary work

Voluntary work undertaken for an organisation or group has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question '*In the last twelve months did the person spend any time doing voluntary work through an organisation or group?*' The variable is based on persons aged 15 years and over by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 who undertook voluntary work was	
19.6%	

New Farm SA2 2,290 persons (or 19.6%) undertook voluntary work

Queensland

714,138 persons (or 18.8%) undertook voluntary work

Table 28 Voluntary work, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Volunt	eer	Not a volu	Total ^(a)	
	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	2,290	19.6	7,501	64.2	11,690
Queensland	714,138	18.8	2,748,839	72.5	3,790,497

(a) Includes voluntary work not stated.

Aged care services

Information on aged care services are provided by the Commonwealth Department of Health. Information are based on the location of the service, rather than the region in which the service is delivered. In some instances, aged care services may have provided the address information of their approved provider in place of the address information of the individual aged care service. Users should be aware of this limitation when using these data. Aged care services are subsidised by the Australian Government under the Aged Care Act 1997. Data are updated annually with a release approximately 12 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in October 2021.

The number of aged care service operational places in New Farm SA2 as at 30 June 2020 was

209 places

New Farm SA2

- 3 aged care services as at 30 June 2020
- 209 aged care service operational places

Queensland

- 1,118 aged care services as at 30 June 2020
- 43,806 aged care service operational places

Table 29	Aged care services,	Now Farm SA2 and	Queensland 3	0 Juno 2020
i able 29	Ayeu care services,	New Farm SAZ and	Queensianu, s	0 June 2020

SA2 / State	Aged care services	Number of operational places by care type						
		Home care	Residential care	Restorative care	Total places			
	number	— number —						
New Farm	3	0	209	0	209			
Queensland	1,118	159	42,613	1,034	43,806			

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Australian Government Department of Health

Emergency services, schools and hospitals

Information on emergency services, schools and hospitals are provided by administrative custodian agencies. Data are updated every two years. The next planned update is in July 2022.



New Farm SA2

- 2 schools as at June 2020
- 1 hospital

Queensland

- 1,774 schools as at June 2020
- 306 hospitals

Table 30 Emergency services, schools and hospitals, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, June 2020

SA2 / State	Police stations	Ambulance stations	Fire stations	Schools	Hospitals				
	— number —								
New Farm	0	0	0	2	1				
Queensland	337	290	242	1,774	306				

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Department of Education; Queensland Ambulance Service; Queensland Fire and Emergency Services; Queensland Health; Queensland Police



The Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) is a summary measure of the social and economic conditions of geographic areas across Australia. SEIFA, which comprises a number of indexes, is generated by ABS from the Census of Population and Housing. In 2016 an Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage was produced, ranking geographical areas in terms of their relative socio-economic disadvantage. The index focuses on low-income earners, relatively lower education attainment, high unemployment and dwellings without motor vehicles. Low index values represent areas of most disadvantage and high values represent areas of least disadvantage. This is based on persons by place of usual residence.

The percentage of persons in New Farm SA2 in the least disadvantaged quintile was

57.1%

New Farm SA2

- 57.1% in least disadvantaged quintile
- 2.3% in most disadvantaged quintile

Queensland

- 20.0% in least disadvantaged quintile
- 20.0% in most disadvantaged quintile

Table 31 Population by Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage guintiles^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Quintile 1 (most disadvantaged)	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5 (least disadvantaged)	
			<u> % </u>			
New Farm	2.3	3.0	12.7	24.9	57.1	
Queensland	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	

(a) The quintiles are population based and derived at the Queensland level (state based quintiles and not national based quintiles).

Source: ABS 2033.0.55.001 Census of Population and Housing: Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA), Australia, 2016, (Queensland Treasury derived)

Remoteness

The Australian Bureau of Statistics develops the Remoteness Area (RA) classification each Census period using the University of Adelaide's Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia classification (ARIA+) mean scores. Data are updated every five years with a release approximately 18 months after the reporting period.

The most populated remoteness area in New Farm SA2 in 2016 was

Major City

New Farm SA2

- 100.0% of the population were in major cities
- 0.0% of the population were in very remote Australia
- Major City had the largest percentage of population with 100.0%

Queensland

- 63.0% of the population were in major cities
- 1.1% of the population were in very remote Australia

Table 32 Population^(a) in remoteness areas^(b), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

	Remoteness Area										
SA2 / State	Major City Ir					Duter Regional Australia		Remote Australia		te	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	
New Farm	12,791	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	
Queensland	2,957,012	63.0	941,834	20.1	667,630	14.2	71,328	1.5	52,722	1.1	

(a) Population based on 2016 usual resident population.

(b) Based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics Remoteness Area (RA) classification using ARIA+ mean scores.

Source: ABS, Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 5 - Remoteness Structure, July 2016, cat. no. 1270.0.55.005; ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016

Crime and Justice

Reported offences

The number and rates of reported offences are collected by the Queensland Police Service. Data are updated annually. The next planned update is in August 2021.

The rate of total reported offences for New Farm SA2 in 2019–20 was

8,924 per 100,000 persons

New Farm SA2

- 1,292 reported offences in 2019–20, or 8,924 per 100,000 persons
- 84 offences against the person, or 580 per 100,000 persons
- 738 offences against property, or 5,097 per 100,000 persons

Queensland

- 537,928 reported offences in 2019–20, or 10,386 per 100,000 persons
- 37,634 offences against the person, or 727 per 100,000 persons
- 264,050 offences against property, or 5,098 per 100,000 persons

Table 33 Reported offences, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2019–20

		Type of offence									
SA2 / State	Offences aga perso		, in the second s		Other offe	ences	Tota	1			
	number	rate ^(a)	number	rate ^(a)	number	rate ^(a)	number	rate ^(a)			
New Farm	84	580	738	5,097	470	3,246	1,292	8,924			
Queensland	37,634	727	264,050	5,098	236,244	4,561	537,928	10,386			

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Rate per 100,000 persons.

Source: Queensland Police Service

Economy

Selected medians and averages

These selected medians and averages have been derived by using data based on the 2016 Census of Population and Housing and may not reflect medians that have been derived by administrative data and published in other profile topics. Where applicable, these estimates are based on place of usual residence.

The median total personal income for New Farm SA2 was

\$1,054 per week

New Farm SA2

- Median mortgage repayment of \$2,167 per month
- Average household size of 1.9 persons per dwelling

Queensland

- Median mortgage repayment of \$1,733 per month
- · Average household size of 2.6 persons per dwelling

Table 34 Selected medians and averages, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

	Median / Average										
SA2 / State	Median mortgage repayment	Median total family income	Median total household income	Median total personal income	Average household size	Average number of persons per bedroom					
	\$/month	\$/week	\$/week	\$/week	persons	number					
New Farm	2,167	2,601	1,800	1,054	1.9	0.9					
Queensland	1,733	1,661	1,402	660	2.6	0.8					

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Median rent

Median rent estimates have been derived by Queensland Treasury using rental bond lodgements sourced by the Residential Tenancies Authority (RTA). Medians are only calculated where there are 10 or more lodgements over the 12 month period. Data are updated quarterly with a release approximately 3 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in July 2021.

The median rent in New Farm SA2 for a 3 bedroom house in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021 was

\$725 per week

New Farm SA2

- Median rent of \$450 per week for a 2 bedroom flat/unit in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021
- Median rent of \$725 per week for a 3 bedroom house

Queensland

- Median rent of \$390 per week for a 2 bedroom flat/unit in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021
- Median rent of \$380 per week for a 3 bedroom house

Table 35 Lodgements and median rent by dwelling type, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 12 months ending 31 March 2021

		Lodge	ments		Median rent				
SA2 / State	1 bedroom flat/unit	2 bedroom flat/unit	3 bedroom house	4 bedroom house	1 bedroom flat/unit	2 bedroom flat/unit	3 bedroom house	4 bedroom house	
		— num	ıber —		— \$ per week —				
New Farm	521	664	47	49	330	450	725	970	
Queensland	30,782	57,932	45,425	45,105	325	390	380	450	

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Residential Tenancies Authority, Rental Bonds data (Queensland Government Statistician's Office derived)

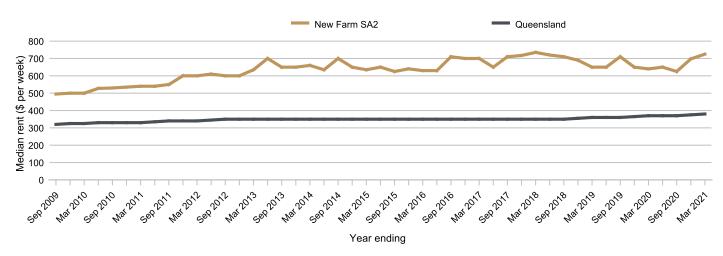


Figure 9 Median rent of three bedroom house, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Residential Tenancies Authority, Rental Bonds data (Queensland Government Statistician's Office derived)

Total personal income

Total personal income has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing question 'What is the total of all wages/salaries, government benefits, pensions, allowances and other income a person usually receives?'. Median total personal income estimates have been calculated by the ABS. The variable is based on persons aged 15 years and over by place of usual residence.

The median total personal income in New Farm SA2 was

\$54,808 per year

New Farm SA2

Median total personal income of \$54,808 per year

Queensland

Median total personal income of \$34,320 per year

Table 36 Total personal income, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Less than \$20,800 per year		\$20,800 to \$51,999 per year		\$52,000 to \$103,999 per year		\$104,000 or ar more per year		Total ^(a)	Median (\$/year)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	\$
New Farm	1,822	15.6	2,817	24.1	3,186	27.3	1,917	16.4	11,690	54,808
Queensland	1,074,683	28.4	1,249,382	33.0	841,717	22.2	269,288	7.1	3,790,497	34,320

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes personal income not stated.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G02 and G17

Total family income

Total family income is the sum of the total personal incomes of each family member present in the household on 2016 Census Night. Family income only applies to classifiable families in occupied private dwellings. Low-income families have been defined as families in occupied private dwellings whose family income was less than \$650 per week or less than \$33,800 per year. Median total family income estimates have been calculated by the ABS.

The median total family income in New Farm SA2 was

\$135,252 per year

New Farm SA2

- 119 low-income families (4.6%)
- Median total family income of \$135,252 per year

Queensland

- 115,233 low-income families (9.4%)
- Median total family income of \$86,372 per year

Table 37 Total family income^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State	Less than \$33,800 per		\$33,800 to \$77 per year		\$78,000 f \$155,999 pe		\$156,000 more per		Total ^(b)	Median (\$/year)
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	\$
New Farm	119	4.6	422	16.3	801	31.0	967	37.4	2,588	135,252
Queensland	115,233	9.4	377,889	30.9	408,072	33.4	186,810	15.3	1,221,148	86,372

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes same-sex couple families. Excludes 'Lone person', 'Group', 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households. Excludes overseas visitors. (b) Includes partially stated and not stated income responses.

Unemployment and labour force

Estimates of unemployment and labour force are produced by the Australian Government Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business. The estimates are calculated by utilising administrative data such as Centrelink Newstart and Youth Allowance (Other) recipients as well as ABS labour force estimates. Data are updated quarterly with a release approximately 3 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in July 2021.

The unemployment rate in New Farm SA2 at December quarter 2020 was

New Farm SA2

- 484 unemployed persons in December guarter 2020
- Unemployment rate of 4.8%

Queensland

- 192,978 unemployed persons in December guarter 2020
- Unemployment rate of 7.1%

Table 38 Unemployment and labour force^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland, December quarter 2020

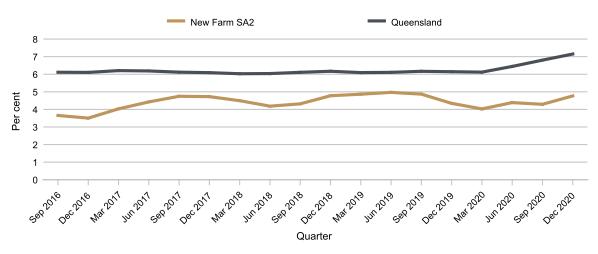
SA2 / State	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemployment rate
	— num	nber —	%
New Farm	484	10,152	4.8
Queensland	192,978	2,699,197	7.1

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Based on a 4-quarter smoothed series.

Source: Australian Government, National Skills Commission, Small Area Labour Markets Australia, various editions

Figure 10 Unemployment rate^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland



(a) Based on a 4-quarter smoothed series.

Source: Australian Government, National Skills Commission, Small Area Labour Markets Australia, various editions

Employment by industry

Employment by industry has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing data. A person's industry of employment was classified based on responses to a range of questions from the Census and is applicable to persons aged 15 years and over who work. This is based on place of usual residence.

The top five industry subdivisions of employment for New Farm SA2 were:

- 1. Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (except Computer System Design and Related Services) (13.9%)
- 2. Food and Beverage Services (7.4%)
- 3. Hospitals (5.2%)
- 4. Public Administration (5.0%)
- 5. Medical and Other Health Care Services (4.6%)

Table 39 Employment by industry, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

New Farm SA2

- 16.6% of employed persons worked in Professional, scientific and technical services industry
- 13.2% of employed persons worked in Health care and social assistance industry
- Highest specialisation ratio of 2.66 in Professional, scientific and technical services industry

Queensland

- 13.0% of employed persons worked in Health care and social assistance industry
- 9.9% of employed persons worked in Retail trade industry

Industry	New Farm SA2		Queensla	nd	Specialisation ratio
	number	%	number	%	number
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	38	0.5	60,608	2.8	0.19
Mining	158	2.2	49,997	2.3	0.95
Manufacturing	179	2.5	128,787	6.0	0.42
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	53	0.7	23,883	1.1	0.66
Construction	356	5.0	191,338	9.0	0.56
Wholesale trade	153	2.1	56,370	2.6	0.81
Retail trade	463	6.5	211,778	9.9	0.66
Accommodation and food services	625	8.8	156,670	7.3	1.20
Transport, postal and warehousing	225	3.2	108,083	5.1	0.62
Information media and telecommunications	165	2.3	25,265	1.2	1.96
Financial and insurance services	411	5.8	54,286	2.5	2.27
Rental, hiring and real estate services	229	3.2	42,500	2.0	1.61
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,186	16.6	133,652	6.3	2.66
Administrative and support services	263	3.7	75,336	3.5	1.05
Public administration and safety	458	6.4	140,164	6.6	0.98
Education and training	625	8.8	192,143	9.0	0.97
Health care and social assistance	939	13.2	276,945	13.0	1.02
Arts and recreation services	180	2.5	33,667	1.6	1.60
Other services	182	2.6	83,470	3.9	0.65
Total ^(a)	7,130	100.0	2,136,455	100.0	1.00

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G51 and unpublished data



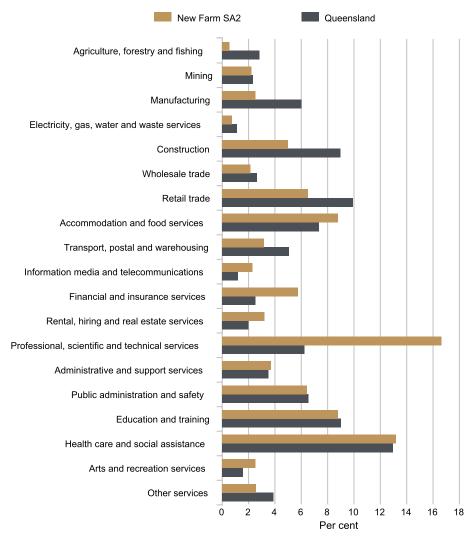


Figure 11 Percentage of employment by industry^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland

(a) Total used to derive percentages includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G51 and unpublished data

Employment by occupation

Employment by occupation has been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing data. A person's occupation of employment was classified based on responses to a range of questions from the Census and is applicable to persons aged 15 years and over who work. This is based on place of usual residence.

The top five occupation sub-major groups of employment for New Farm SA2 were:

- 1. Business, Human Resource and Marketing Professionals (11.6%)
- 2. Specialist Managers (8.9%)
- 3. Health Professionals (7.1%)
- 4. Design, Engineering, Science and Transport Professionals (6.4%)
- 5. Legal, Social and Welfare Professionals (5.2%)

New Farm SA2

- 40.0% of employed persons worked in Professionals occupation
- 16.2% of employed persons worked in Managers occupation
- Highest specialisation ratio of 2.02 in Professionals occupation

Queensland

- 19.8% of employed persons worked in Professionals occupation
- 14.3% of employed persons worked in Technicians and trades workers occupation

Table 40 Employment by occupation, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

Occupation	New Farn	n SA2	Queensl	Specialisation ratio	
	number	%	number	%	number
Managers	1,157	16.2	258,509	12.1	1.34
Professionals	2,854	40.0	423,917	19.8	2.02
Technicians and trades workers	510	7.2	305,441	14.3	0.50
Community and personal service workers	613	8.6	241,956	11.3	0.76
Clerical and administrative workers	911	12.8	291,317	13.6	0.94
Sales workers	537	7.5	207,795	9.7	0.77
Machinery operators and drivers	97	1.4	147,636	6.9	0.20
Labourers	335	4.7	225,268	10.5	0.45
Total ^(a)	7,130	100.0	2,136,455	100.0	1.00

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G57 and unpublished data



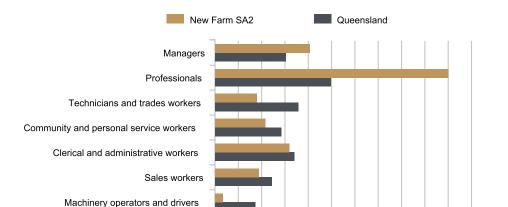


Figure 12 Percentage of employment by occupation^(a), New Farm SA2 and Queensland

(a) Total used to derive percentages includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

0 4 8 12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40 44

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, General Community Profile - G57 and unpublished data

Per cent

Families with children with no parent employed

Families with children with no parent employed have been derived from the 2016 Census of Population and Housing data and defined as either one parent families where the parent was either unemployed or not in the labour force or couple families where both parents were either unemployed or not in the labour force. This is based on families with children under 15 years of age.

Labourers

New Farm SA2

 34 families with children under 15 years of age and no parent employed (5.5%)

Queensland

 66,139 families with children under 15 years of age and no parent employed (13.8%)

The percentage of families with children under 15 years of age and no parent employed in New Farm SA2 was



Table 41 Families with children with no parent employed, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 2016

SA2 / State		Couple family with both parents not employed	Total fan pare	nilies with no ent employed	Total families
	— num	nber —	number	%	number
New Farm	25	10	34	5.5	613
Queensland	47,485	18,652	66,139	13.8	477,729

Source: ABS, Census of Population and Housing, 2016, unpublished data (families)

Industry and development

Building approvals

Information on building approvals are compiled by the ABS, and are collected from sources such as local government authorities and other principal certifying authorities. The estimates for any month may be revised or corrected in later months. This can occur as a result of corrections made by a provider of data, the late provision of approval records and, occasionally, by approvals being identified after construction work has commenced. Data are updated monthly with a release approximately 2 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in May 2021.

The number of new houses approved in New Farm SA2 in the 12 months ending 28 February 2021 was

7 approvals

New Farm SA2

- 7 approved new houses in the 12 months ending 28 February 2021
- \$93.0 million of building value in residential building approvals

Queensland

- 24,385 approved new houses in the 12 months ending 28 February 2021
- \$13,002.7 million of building value in residential building approvals

 Table 42
 Residential and non-residential building approvals, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 12 months ending 28 February 2021

	Re	Residential Building Approvals				Building Value			
SA2 / State	New Houses	additions and Lotal		Resident	ial	Non-reside	ential	Total	
		— number —			\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
New Farm	7	89	0	96	92,965	85.0	16,456	15.0	109,421
Queensland	24,385	10,188	122	34,695	13,002,670	61.7	8,065,235	38.3	21,067,905

(a) Other residential buildings include: semidetached, row or terrace houses or townhouses; and flats, units or apartments.

Source: ABS 8731.0, Building Approvals, Australia, various editions

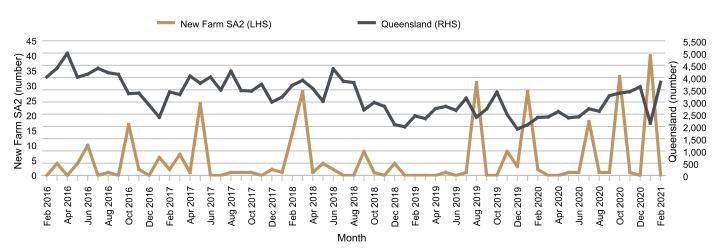
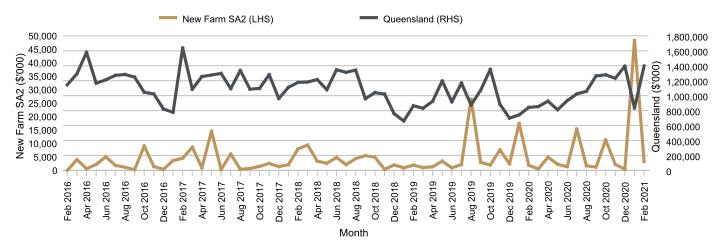


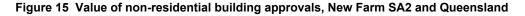
Figure 13 Number of residential building approvals, New Farm SA2 and Queensland

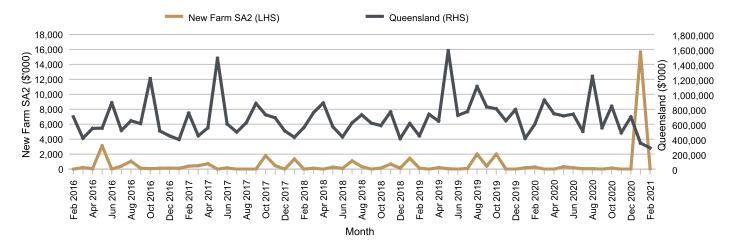
Source: ABS 8731.0, Building Approvals, Australia, various editions





Source: ABS 8731.0, Building Approvals, Australia, various editions





Source: ABS 8731.0, Building Approvals, Australia, various editions

Residential dwelling sales

Residential dwelling sales data are sourced from the Queensland Valuation and Sales (QVAS) database as collected and maintained by the Queensland Department of Resources. Medians are only calculated where there are ten or more sales over the time period. All figures are preliminary and are subject to further revision. Data are updated quarterly with a release approximately 4 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in April 2021.

The median sale price in New Farm SA2 in the 12 months ending 30 September 2020 was

\$845,000

New Farm SA2

- 356 residential dwelling sales in the 12 months ending 30 September 2020
- Median sale price of \$845,000

Queensland

- 106,023 residential dwelling sales in the 12 months ending 30 September 2020
- Median sale price of \$462,000

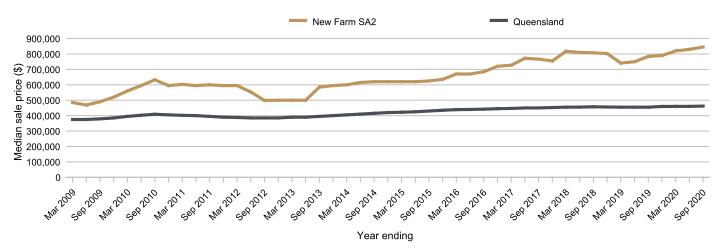
	Ν	lumber of sales	5	Median sale price			
SA2 / State	Detached dwellings	Attached dwellings	Total dwellings	Detached dwellings	Attached dwellings	Total dwellings	
		— number —			— \$ —		
New Farm	84	272	356	1,650,000	668,250	845,000	
Queensland	74.732	31.291	106.023	492.875	410.000	462.000	

Table 43 Residential dwelling sales, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 12 months ending 30 September 2020

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Department of Resources, Office of the Valuer-General, Property Sales

Figure 16 Median value of residential dwelling sales, New Farm SA2 and Queensland



Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Department of Resources, Office of the Valuer-General, Property Sales

New house and vacant land sales

New house and vacant land sales data are sourced from the Queensland Valuation and Sales (QVAS) database as collected and maintained by the Queensland Department of Resources. Medians are only calculated where there are ten or more sales over the time period. All figures are preliminary and are subject to further revision. Data are updated quarterly with a release approximately 4 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in April 2021.

A median sale price for a new house has not been calculated for New Farm SA2

New Farm SA2

- 4 new house sales in the 12 months ending 30 September 2020
- A median new house sale price has not been calculated for New Farm SA2
- 2 vacant land sales
- A median vacant land sale price has not been calculated for New Farm SA2

Queensland

- 3,092 new house sales in the 12 months ending 30 September 2020
- 15,709 vacant land sales
- Median new house sale price of \$482,000
- Median vacant land sale price of \$230,000

Table 44 New house and vacant land sales, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 12 months ending 30 September 2020

SA2 / State	Number o	of sales	Median sale price	
SA2 / State	New houses	Vacant land	New houses	Vacant land
	— numt	per —	<u> </u>	
New Farm	4	2	n.a.	n.a.
Queensland	3,092 15,709		482,000	230,000

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: Department of Resources, Office of the Valuer-General, Property Sales

Residential lot registrations

Lot registrations data provide an indication of the volume of new lots developed and intended for residential purposes. Once a subdivisional plan has been certified by local government, it is lodged with the Department of Resources (DR) for registration of title. For more information refer to the <u>Residential land</u> <u>development activity profiles</u>.

Data are updated quarterly with a release approximately 2 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in August 2021.

The number of residential lot registrations in New Farm SA2 in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021 was

9 registrations

New Farm SA2

- 9 residential lot registrations in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021
- 9 urban residential lot registrations

Queensland

- 22,906 residential lot registrations in the 12 months ending 31 March 2021
- 20,824 urban residential lot registrations

Table 45 Residential lot registrations, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 12 months ending 31 March 2021

	Urban re	esidential lot re	gistrations	Low density		
SA2 / State	Standard lots ^(a)	Unit and townhouse 1 lots ^(b)	lot registrations (c)	Total lot registrations		
		— number —	number	number		
New Farm	4	5	9	0	9	
Queensland	13,523	7,301	20,824	2,082	22,906	

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Lots between 60m² to <2,500m² on a standard format plan intended for detached dwellings, including lots intended for detached dwellings in a community title scheme.

(b) Lots on a building format plan or standard format plan that represent attached dwellings within a community title scheme.

(c) Lots between 2,500m² to 5ha on standard format plans.

Source: Queensland Government Statistician's Office, Queensland Treasury.

Business counts by employment size

Information on counts of registered businesses is produced by the ABS and presents counts of businesses sourced from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Business Register (ABSBR). Data are updated annually with a release approximately 9 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in March 2022.

The number of businesses in New Farm SA2 as at 30 June 2020 was

1,560 businesses

New Farm SA2

 352 businesses (or 22.6%) employed 1 to 4 employees as at 30 June 2020

Queensland

 112,776 businesses (or 24.3%) employed 1 to 4 employees as at 30 June 2020

Table 46 Registered businesses by employment size, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2020

SA2 / State	Non-emplo	oying	1–4 emplo	oyees	5–19 employe	es	20–199 employe		200+ employe	es	Total
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	1,079	69.2	352	22.6	85	5.4	18	1.2	0	0.0	1,560
Queensland	297,287	63.9	112,776	24.3	42,926	9.2	11,270	2.4	727	0.2	464,990

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: ABS 8165.0, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, various editions

Business counts by turnover range

Information on counts of registered businesses is produced by the ABS and presents counts of businesses sourced from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Business Register (ABSBR). Data are updated annually with a release approximately 9 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in March 2022.

The percentage of businesses with a turnover range of \$2 million or more in New Farm SA2 as at 30 June 2020 was

4.6%

New Farm SA2

• 71 businesses (or 4.6%) with a turnover range of \$2 million or more as at 30 June 2020

Queensland

• 30,487 businesses (or 6.6%) with a turnover range of \$2 million or more as at 30 June 2020

Table 47Registered businesses by turnover range, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2020

SA2 / State	\$0 to less th \$100k	nan	\$100k to less \$500k	s than	\$500k to less \$2m	s than	\$2m or more		Total
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
New Farm	688	44.1	544	34.9	220	14.1	71	4.6	1,560
Queensland	197,702	42.5	168,382	36.2	68,423	14.7	30,487	6.6	464,990

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

Source: ABS 8165.0, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, various editions

Business counts by industry

Information on counts of registered businesses is produced by the ABS and presents counts of businesses sourced from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Business Register (ABSBR). Data are updated annually with a release approximately 9 months after the reporting period. The next planned update is in March 2022.

The industry with the largest number of registered businesses in New Farm SA2 as at 30 June 2020 was

Professional, scientific and technical services (21.2%)

New Farm SA2

- 21.2% of businesses in Professional, scientific and technical services industry as at 30 June 2020
- 17.3% of businesses in Rental, hiring and real estate services industry
- Highest specialisation ratio of 2.75 in Information media and telecommunications industry

Queensland

- 16.6% of businesses in Construction industry as at 30
 June 2020
- 11.6% of businesses in Professional, scientific and technical services industry

Table 48 Registered businesses by industry, New Farm SA2 and Queensland, 30 June 2020

Industry	New Farm	New Farm SA2		nd	Specialisation ratio
	number	%	number	%	number
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	25	1.6	40,690	8.8	0.18
Mining	3	0.2	1,817	0.4	0.49
Manufacturing	16	1.0	16,653	3.6	0.29
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	3	0.2	1,394	0.3	0.64
Construction	152	9.7	77,077	16.6	0.59
Wholesale trade	29	1.9	13,644	2.9	0.63
Retail trade	62	4.0	25,761	5.5	0.72
Accommodation and food services	70	4.5	17,651	3.8	1.18
Transport, postal and warehousing	54	3.5	35,302	7.6	0.46
Information media and telecommunications	32	2.1	3,463	0.7	2.75
Financial and insurance services	182	11.7	38,743	8.3	1.40
Rental, hiring and real estate services	270	17.3	52,993	11.4	1.52
Professional, scientific and technical services	330	21.2	53,856	11.6	1.83
Administrative and support services	54	3.5	19,711	4.2	0.82
Public administration and safety	0	0.0	1,383	0.3	0.00
Education and training	26	1.7	6,745	1.5	1.15
Health care and social assistance	156	10.0	29,187	6.3	1.59
Arts and recreation services	32	2.1	5,648	1.2	1.69
Other services	61	3.9	22,597	4.9	0.80
Not classified	3	0.2	678	0.1	1.32
Total ^(a)	1,560	100.0	464,990	100.0	1.00

Refer to explanatory notes for additional information.

(a) Includes inadequately described and not stated responses.

Source: ABS 8165.0, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, various editions



Environment

Protected areas - parks, forests and reserves

Protected areas are derived from a spatial dataset sourced from the Queensland Department of Environment and Science. Data presented in this table are based on areas located above mean sea level. Areas are based on a GIS calculated cartesian area and not the official gazetted area. GIS calculations are referenced to GDA94 / Australian Albers (EPSG:3577). Data are updated every two years. The next planned update is in August 2022.

There were no protected areas within New Farm SA2 as at $2020\,$

New Farm SA2

There were no protected areas as at 2020

Queensland

- Protected area of 130,319.8 km² as at 2020
- Largest protected area type was National Parks with 98,071.0 km²

SA2 / State	National Park ^(a)	State Forest	Timber Reserve	Forest Reserve	Total
		— ;	area (km²) —		
New Farm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Queensland	98,071.0	31,045.2	663.4	540.3	130,319.8

(a) Includes Conservation Parks, Resources Reserves and National Parks Cape York Aboriginal land (where applicable).

Source: Queensland Department of Environment and Science





Abbreviations

	not applicable
\$k	thousand dollars
\$m	million dollars
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ASGS	Australian Statistical Geography Standard
LHS	left-hand side
n.a.	not available
р	preliminary
r	revised
RHS	right-hand side
SAR	Special Administration Area
SA2	Statistical Area Level 2

Explanatory notes

Profile explanatory notes

Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS)

A geographical framework covering all spatial areas of Australia and its external territories. The ASGS was developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) to allow statistics from different collections to be spatially comparable. The ASGS replaced the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC).

Average annual growth rate

It is calculated as a percentage using the formula below, where P_0 is the population at the start of the period, P_n is the population at the end of the period and n is the length of the period between P_n and P_0 in years.

$$\left[\left(\frac{p_n}{p_o}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1\right] \times 100$$

For example, to calculate the average annual rate of population change from 2006 to 2016, n is ten, P_0 is the population in 2006 and P_n is the population in 2016.

Cell confidentialisation

This profile utilises two types of data confidentialisation.

- Source data confidentialisation This refers to datasets that have been confidentialised by the data custodians. For example census data supplied by the ABS have small cell counts of 1 or 2 confidentialised to 0 or 3 and a small random adjustment made to all data to avoid any risk of releasing identifiable information. Caution should therefore be used when interpreting data where the cell count is small.
- Concordance confidentialisation This refers to datasets that have been concorded to a new geography and the resulting cell count is small. No reliance should be placed on these cell counts and as such have been confidentialised. Tables utilising this type of confidentialisation will report the cell as less than a specific value (for example <5).

Census 2016 data

Census data have 'small random adjustments' to ensure no data are released which could risk identifying individuals. As such, cells containing very small counts should be treated with extreme caution. Therefore discrepancies may occur between the sum of the component items and total.

Census undercount

Due to the size and complexity of the Census of Population and Housing, whenever a Census is conducted it is inevitable that some people will be missed and some will be counted more than once. After each Census, the Australian Bureau of Statistics conduct a Post Enumeration Survey to estimate the number of people who should have been counted in the Census and the actual Census counts. It is important to note, that all Census data reported in this profile do not have any adjustments made for Census undercount and readers should keep this in mind when making inferences from the data.

Land area

Land area, as stated in the Region overview, are based on the Australian Albers Equal Area projection (EPSG 3577).

Region overview

Statistics in the profile overview have been derived from data sourced to the Bureau of Meteorology and aggregated to administrative boundaries. Land area are based on the Australian Albers Equal Area projection (EPSG 3577).

Rounding

Figures are rounded to nearest whole number. Calculations (such as percentages and rates) are based on pre-rounded figures.

Specialisation ratio

The ratio of the percentage for the New Farm SA2 to the percentage for Queensland. A specialisation ratio above 1.00 indicates New Farm SA2 has a larger share for that category than in Queensland. Similarly a specialisation ratio below 1.00 indicates New Farm SA2 has a smaller share for that category than in Queensland.

Statistical Area Level 2

Statistical Area Level 2s (SA2s) (2016) are small areas, approximately suburb size, with a population range of between 3,000 to 25,000 persons, and have an average population of about 10,000 persons. There are 528 SA2 regions that cover the state.

Topic explanatory notes

Aged care services

Home care services

Following the Increasing Choices changes on 27 February 2017, places for the Home Care Packages Program are now assigned to consumers and not to services. Correspondingly, places data for the Home Care Packages Program are no longer captured in the stocktake. These figures only include flexible home care places in the: Multi-Purpose Service (MPS) Program, Aged Care Innovative Pool Program and the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Residential care

Residential care provides a range of supported accommodation services for older people who are unable to continue living independently in their own homes. The figures here include flexible residential care places in the: Multi-Purpose Service (MPS) Program, Aged Care Innovative Pool Program and the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Restorative care

Restorative care program provides a package of services to enable older people after a hospital stay to return home rather than prematurely enter residential care. The program also gives older people and their families and carers time to consider long-term care arrangements. These figures include places in the Transition Care Program and the Short-Term Restorative Care Program.

Australian Early Development Census (AEDC)

Confidentialisation

Suppression of AEDC data also occurs when one or more of the following have not been met:

- Fewer than 15 children had valid AEDC scores
- Less than two teachers had completed AEDC checklists for children in that location
- AEDC checklists were completed for less than 80% of all non special needs children

Additional minor suppressions have occurred where necessary to preserve confidentiality of related suppressed cells. Whilst some regions have had results suppressed, some SA2s have been included in neighbouring regions. This list includes:

- Albion included in Windsor
- Aurukun included in Cape York
- Croydon Etheridge included in Tablelands
- Enoggera Reservoir included in Enoggera
- · Far Central West included in Far South West
- Fortitude Valley included in New Farm
- Ingham Region included in Palm Island
- Lake Manchester England Creek included in Lowood
- Lamb Range included in Kanimbla Mooroobool
- Mackay Harbour included in Andergrove Beaconsfield
- Magnetic Island included in Belgian Gardens Pallarenda
- Main Beach included in Surfers Paradise
- · Mount Coot-tha included in The Gap
- Peregian Beach Marcus Beach included in Peregian Springs
- South Brisbane included in West End
- Spring Hill included in Brisbane City
- Wooroonooran included in Babinda

Developmentally 'vulnerable'

The cut-off for an AEDC score to represent developmentally vulnerable is based on the results from the 2009 AEDC data collection. In 2009 children who scored below the 10th percentile (in the lowest 10 per cent) of the national population were classified as developmentally vulnerable.

Developmentally vulnerable on one or more domain/s

The percentage of children in the community who have at least one AEDC domain score/s below the 10th percentile.

Developmentally vulnerable on two or more domain/s

The percentage of children in the community who have at least two AEDC domain scores below the 10th percentile.

Domain: Communication skills and general knowledge

This domain measures a child's communication skills and general knowledge.

Domain: Emotional maturity domain

This domain measures a child's pro-social and helping behavior, anxious and fearful behavior, aggressive behavior and hyperactivity and inattention.

Domain: Language and cognitive skills domain

This domain measures a child's basic literacy, interest in literacy/numeracy, memory and basic and advanced literacy.

Domain: Physical health and wellbeing domain

This domain measures a child's physical readiness for the school day, physical independence and gross and fine motor skills.

Domain: Social competence domain

This domain measures a child's overall social competence, responsibility and respect, approaches to learning and readiness to explore new things.



Births and deaths

Births

Births data are based on the number of births registered during a calendar year by place of usual residence of the mother. This is different to the number of births which occurred during a calendar year. For further information on the differences between estimates of registered births and births occurring in a time period, refer to ABS website (cat. no. 3301.0).

As a result of changes in the timeliness of registration of births in Queensland, care should be taken when interpreting changes in Queensland births between 2006 and 2010. This lag has reduced in recent years, indicating potential improvements in the timeliness of registration of births in Queensland.

Deaths

Deaths data are based on the number of deaths registered during a calendar year by place of usual residence of the deceased. This is different to the number of deaths which occurred during a calendar year. For further information on the differences between estimates of registered deaths and deaths occurring in a time period, refer to ABS website (cat. no. 3302.0).

Business counts

It is not currently possible to account for those businesses which operate out of multiple locations, other than at their main location. This is particularly relevant for larger businesses, which commonly establish outlets in several or all states and many regions across Australia. The reason for this is that data pertaining to individual business locations are not currently available from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Business Register. Users should therefore be aware of this limitation when using counts of businesses included in this table.

Due to the process of confidentialisation applied by the ABS, discrepancies may occur between the sums of the component items and total (see paragraph 49 of ABS cat. no. 8165.0 explanatory notes for more information).

Business counts by industry

Based on Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 edition. The 'Not classified' industry division is accurate at the time of release of data. Further refinements to this group will be made in subsequent releases, but will not be reflected in these counts.

Country of birth

The list of countries are based on the most common Country of Birth responses (excluding Australia) reported in the 2011 Census. The categories of persons born in ESB and NESB countries are derived by aggregating countries from Table G09 of the General Community Profile (GCP). Due to the process of confidentialisation applied to the Census data by the ABS, total persons born overseas have been taken directly from Table G01 of the GCP to provide a more accurate count.

Department of Social Services payments

Data are extracted at a point in time, usually towards the end of the guarter.

Confidentialisation

Cell counts under 5 have been suppressed for confidentiality purposes.

Age pension

Age pension is a support payment for people who have reached the qualifying age. From 1 July 2013, the qualifying age for both men and women is 65 years. From 1 July 2017 the age pension qualifying age will progressively increase for non-veterans from 65 years to 67 years, reaching 67 years in 2023.

Age pension recipients have the choice of having their age pension paid by either the Department of Human Services (DHS) or the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA). DHS pays the vast majority of age pensions. The data in this report only includes data for the DHS customers.

Carer allowance

A Carer allowance is a supplementary payment for carers who provide daily care and attention at home for a person with a disability, severe medical condition or who is frail and aged.

Disability support pension

A Disability support pension (DSP) is an income support payment for people who are unable to work for 15 hours or more per week at or above the relevant minimum wage, independent of a program of support due to permanent physical, intellectual or psychiatric impairment. A DSP claimant must be aged 16 years or over and under Age pension age at date of claim, however once in receipt of DSP, a person can continue to receive DSP beyond Age pension age.

Family tax benefit part A

Family tax benefit (FTB) was introduced to help with the cost of raising children. FTB part A is the most common payment to help with the cost of raising children and is paid per child. It includes a supplement per child that becomes payable after the end of the financial year. FTB part B gives extra assistance to single-parent families and to couple families where one income is low. It is paid on a per family basis and includes a supplement that becomes payable after the end of the financial year. FTB part A and B are income tested on family income.

Jobseeker

JobSeeker Payment is the main income support payment for recipients aged between 22 years and pension age (the minimum qualifying age for Age Pension), who have capacity to work now or in the near future. JobSeeker Payment is available to people who are looking for work, who temporarily cannot work or study because of an injury or illness, or bereaved partners in the period immediately following the death of their partner, subject to meeting eligibility requirements. Data includes recipients who are determined to be current (i.e. entitled to be paid) on the Centrelink payment system and are not in receipt of a zero rate of payment. From March quarter 2020, JobSeeker Payment replaced Newstart Allowance, Bereavement Allowance and Sickness Allowance.

Emergency services, schools and hospitals

Fire stations

Does not include Rural Fire Brigade.

Hospitals

Includes both private and public hospitals and health clinics. Excludes public dental and psychiatric facilities.

Police stations

Does not include Police Beats.

Schools

Includes both private and public schools and centre types of associated facility, campus, community school, non-state school, special campus, special school, specific purpose school, state high school and state school.

Employment by industry

Employment by industry

Based on Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 edition, revision 2 published in 2013.

Industry subdivision

The industry subdivision refers to the 2-digit industry classification from the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 edition, revision 2 published in 2013.

Employment by occupation

Employment by occupation

Based on Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), 2006 edition, version 1.2 released 2013.

Occupation sub-major group

The occupation sub-major group refers to the 2-digit occupation classification from the Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO), 2006 edition, version 1.2 released in 2013.

Homeless persons

The prevalence estimates of homelessness cover usual residents in Australia on Census night and do not include:

overseas visitors,

- people who were enumerated in offshore, shipping or migratory regions,
- people on an overnight journey by train or bus.

Indigenous

Refers to people who identify themselves as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.

Median age

Median estimates have been calculated by the ABS and Queensland Treasury.

Median rent

Medians for regions with less than 10 lodgements in the 12 month period have not been reported.

Median rents do not include lodgements listed with \$0 rent.

Rental bonds data published by QGSO may not be directly comparable with data published by the Residential Tenancies Authority (RTA) due to geocoding of Rental Bonds data by QGSO and updates to bond records, including where additional bond forms are processed by RTA after quarterly data are supplied to QGSO.

Medians and averages

Average household size

Applicable to number of persons usually resident in occupied private dwellings. It includes partners, children, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on Census Night. A maximum of three temporary absentees can be counted in each household. It excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households.

Average number of persons per bedroom

Applicable to occupied private dwellings. It excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households.

Median mortgage repayment

Applicable to occupied private dwellings being purchased and includes dwellings being purchased under a rent/buy scheme. It excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households.

Median total family income

Applicable to families in family households. It excludes families where at least one member aged 15 years and over did not state an income and families where at least one member aged 15 years and over was temporarily absent on Census Night.

Median total household income

Applicable to occupied private dwellings. It excludes households where at least one member aged 15 years and over did not state an income and households where at least one member aged 15 years and over was temporarily absent on Census Night. It excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other non-classifiable' households.

Median total personal income

Applicable to persons aged 15 years and over.

New house and vacant land sales

Vacant residential land have been defined as vacant - large house sites, vacant urban land and vacant rural land between 140m² and 2,500m² within planning zones. New house and land have been defined as a single unit dwelling or dwelling large house site on a newly registered block of land between 140m² and 2,500m². All reporting periods are based on the contract date and not the settlement date.

Non-school qualification by field of study

Excludes persons with a qualification out of the scope of the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED).

Non-school qualification by sex and age

Excludes persons with a qualification out of the scope of the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED).

Population projections

Population projections are based on a medium series.

Proficiency in spoken English

Based on the most common Language Spoken at Home responses reported in the 2011 Census for Australia.

Reported offences

The reference date for reported offences is the date an offence is reported to or detected by police. Data are based on the location in which the offence occurred. Rates are calculated using the Estimated Resident Population (ERP) as at 30 June of the reported financial year. The ERP for the latest year has been linearly extrapolated using the change between the previous two years.

Offences against the person

The offence division of offences against the person includes the following offence sub-divisions: homicide (murder); other homicide; assault; sexual offences; robbery; and other offences against the person.

Offences against property

The offence division of offences against property includes the following offence sub-divisions: unlawful entry with intent; arson; other property damage; unlawful use of motor vehicle; other theft (excluding unlawful entry); fraud; and handling stolen goods.

Other offences

The offence division of other offences includes the following offence sub-divisions: drug offences; prostitution offences; liquor (excluding drunkenness); gaming, racing and betting offences; breach of domestic violence protection orders; trespassing and vagrancy; weapons act offences; good order offences; stock related offences; traffic and related offences; and miscellaneous offences.

Residential dwelling sales

Medians are only calculated where there are ten or more sales over the time period.

Attached dwellings

Attached dwellings include multi-unit dwellings (flats), building units or group titles within planning zones.

Detached dwellings

Detached dwellings include single unit dwellings or large house sites.

Residential dwelling sales

Residential dwelling sales include both new and established dwellings and all reporting periods are based on the contract date and not the settlement date.

Residential lot registrations

Lot registration is the final stage in the development of new residential lots, and it is only after the title is registered that a lot legally exists. Lot registrations data provide an indication of the volume of new lots developed and intended for residential purposes.

The Queensland Government Statistician's Office applies a range of filters to DR's computer inventory of survey plans data, such as parcel size and zoning information, to extract the lots registered for residential purposes. 'Urban residential' lots include standard lots typically for detached houses (60m² to <2,500m²) and lots under community titles schemes for units and townhouses. For this monitoring program, 'low density residential' lots are defined as standard lots between 2,500m² and 5 hectares in size.

Total family income

Median total family income estimates have been calculated by the ABS. Medians are only calculated where there were five or more total families. Median calculation excludes families where at least one member aged 15 years and over did not state an income and families where at least one member aged 15 years and over was temporarily absent on Census Night.

Total personal income

Median total personal income estimates have been calculated by the ABS.

Unemployment and labour force

Small Area Labour Force data have been generated from a Structure Preserving Estimation (SPREE) methodology using ABS and Centrelink data. As such these estimates can exhibit considerable variability and care should be taken when interpreting these values. For further information on these data, refer to the Australian Government Department of Employment website.